# Syllabus: Law

#### **UNIT-I: JURISPRUDENCE**

Nature and sources of law 2. Schools of of property and morality 4. Concept of rights and duties 5. Legal personality 6. Concepts of property, ownership and possession 7. Concept of liability 8. Law, poverty and development 9. Global justice 10. Modernism and post-modernism

# UNIT – II: CONSTITUTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

1. Preamble, fundamental rights and duties, directive principles of state policy. 2. Union and State executive and their interrelationship 3. Union and State legislature and distribution of legislative powers 4. Emergency provisions 5. Amendments to the Constitution 6. Centre- State Relations 7. Nature, scope and importance of administrative law 8. Principle of natural justice 9. Judicial review of administrative actions - Grounds. 10. Judicial Activism and Accountability

#### UNIT - III: PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW AND IHL

International law- Definition, nature and basis 2. Sources of International law 3.
Recognition of states and governments 4. Nationality, immigrants, refugees and
internally displaced persons (IDPS) 5. Extradition and asylum 6. United Nations and its
organs 7. Settlement of international disputes 8. World Trade Organization (WTO) 9.
International humanitarian law (IHL) - Conventions and protocols 10. Implementation of
IHL -Challenges

# **UNIT IV: LAW OF CRIMES**

Gieneral principles of criminal liability -Actus reus and mens rea. individual and group liability and constructive liability 2. Stages of crime and inchoate crimes - Abetment, criminal conspiracy and attempt 3. General exceptions 4. Offences against human body 5. Offences against state and terorism 6. Offences against property 7. Offences against women and children 8. Drug trafficking and counterfeiting 9. Offences against public tranquility 10. Theories and kinds of punishments. compensation to the victims of crime

# UNIT V: LAW OF TORTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

Nature and definition of tort 2. General principles of tortious liability 3. General defenses
 Specific torts - Negligence, nuisance. trespass and defamation 5. Remoteness of damages 6. Strict and absolute liability 7. Tortious liability of the State

#### **UNIT - VI: COMMERCIAL LAW**

1. Essential elements of contract and e-contract-Contract Sec 1-75

2. Negotiable Instruments Act. 1881

# UNIT -VII: ENVIRONMENT AND HUMAN RIGHTS LAW

Meaning and concept of 'environment and 'environmental pollution 2. International environmental law and UN Conferences 3. Constitutional and legal framework for protection of environment in India 4. Environmental Impact Assessment and control of hazardous waste in India. 5. National Green Tribunal 6. Concept and development of human rights 7. Universalism and cultural relativism 8. International Bill of Rights 9. Group rights - Women, children, persons with disabilities, elderly persons, minorities and weaker sections 10. Protection and enforcement of human rights in India- National Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Minorities, National Commission for Scheduled Castes, National Commission for Schedule Tribes and National Commission for Backward Classes

# UNIT- VIII: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LAW

1. Concept and meaning of intellectual property 2. Theories of intellectual property 3. International conventions pertaining to intellectual properties 4. Copyright and neighboring rights - Subject matters, limitations and exceptions, infringement and remedies 5. Law of patent -Patentability, procedure for grant of patent, limitations and exceptions, infringement and remedies 6. Law of trademark - Registration of trademarks, kinds of trademarks, infringement and passing off, remedies 7. Protection of Geographical Indications 8. Bio-diversity and Traditional Knowledge 9. Information technology law- digital signature and electronic signature, electronic governance, electronic records and duties of subscribers 10. Cyber crimes, penalties and adjudication